



CARPATHIAN CONVENTION IMPLEMENTATION COMMITTEE (CCIC)

**SECOND MEETING
VIENNA, AUSTRIA, 10 – 11 DECEMBER 2009**

REPORT OF THE MEETING

1. Opening of the meeting and adoption of the agenda

Following the opening statement of Romania, serving as the current Presidency of the Conference of the Parties (COP) Mr. Harald Egerer (HE) (on behalf of the Interim Secretariat of the Carpathian Convention) and Mr. Frits Schlingemann (FS) (UNEP) serving as the co-chairman of the meeting made introductory statements. FS highlighted the importance of focusing on institutional issues not only project issues with the view of preparing decisions for the upcoming Third Conference of the Parties (COP3) that will be hosted in Slovakia 2011.

None of the Parties made objections to the agenda, the agenda was adopted.

2. Implementation of the Carpathian Convention:

Report by the Secretariat

HE introduced the Progress Report prepared by the Secretariat for the meeting of the Carpathian Convention Implementation Committee (CCIC) and briefed participants on activities related to the implementation of the Carpathian Convention (CC). Several delegations appreciated the good quality of the report. One delegation recommended earlier distribution of meeting documents.

Reports by the National Focal Points of the Carpathian Convention Parties

Delegations presented their national reports and gave an outlook on their past and ongoing activities and projects.

Ms. Jana Vavrinova on behalf of the Czech Republic delivered a presentation (attached) on the status of national implementation of the Carpathian Convention. She emphasized that

there are some active “spiders”, in particular the Ministry and the Agency for Nature protection, and a great cooperation with NGOs and stakeholders has been established. However, the network is still under construction.

Hungary emphasized that several governmental bodies are interested in the implementation of the Carpathian Convention, besides the Ministry of Environment and Waters, other Ministries, national park directorates (Aggtelek, Duna Ipoly, Bükk) and a number of projects under the Hungarian operative programme are ongoing. Moreover, approx. 20 projects from ETC support, such as Cross Border Cooperation programmes (with Ukraine, Slovakia, Romania and Serbia) are active. Swiss cohesion funds support monitoring and assessment of population of large carnivores in Aggtelek. Cooperation between national parks with Slovakia and with Romania is ongoing on bilateral basis. Hungary is looking forward to further strengthening the cooperation with Ukraine in the next period and is interested to support all projects that involve multilateral programmes with three or more parties, including also Romania and Serbia. The harmonization of management plans should be a priority under the umbrella of the Carpathian Convention and conform with EU standards. All in all, the Carpathian Convention has been sufficiently mainstreamed into the Hungarian administration.

Poland reported that its national network of protected areas is completed including national parks, landscape parks, and protected landscapes, and the Natura 2000 network was improved (15 birds areas = 28% of Polish Carpathians and 80 habitat areas equalling 27 % of Carpathians in Poland). Therefore, the Carpathians harbour one of the highest percentage of Natura 2000 sites in Poland (approximately two times higher than national average). The Swiss Cohesion funds proved to be a good source of funding: Some projects in support of the Carpathian Convention were submitted, one of which is about preparations of network of stakeholders to implement the Convention on the ground level. Another valuable support are the Norwegian funds: One approved project deals with Natura 2000 in the Carpathians and awareness raising. There is an idea to include one session on the Carpathian Convention and to have a meeting of the Working Group on Sustainable Tourism as a side event on the Economic Forum in Krynica in September 2010. The Polish Academy of Sciences issued a new red book on Carpathian endangered species in Poland. There is a grouping of parliamentarians interested in the Carpathians issues. A steering committee consisting of various ministers, scientific institutions, NGOs, regional authorities was established at the central level. However, more work is needed on the local level to develop a support network for the Carpathian Convention.

Romania has not yet achieved two goals: to ratify the Biodiversity Protocol, and to integrate the Carpathian Convention into sectoral policies. As far as projects are concerned, GEF is funding 1 million dollars for improving financial sustainability of protected areas in the Carpathians, the implementation unit of the project will be set up at NFA. Romania has submitted a proposal for designating the iron gate as a Ramsar site but waits for replies from neighbours for transboundary issues. The UNESCO MaB committee approved the documentation to designate also a biosphere reserve. The operational sectoral programmes supported by EU is funding 11 projects for big protected areas 10 out of which are in the Carpathians. An important task is the management of forests in protected areas. The Ministry of Tourism has elaborated a national strategy on tourism in protected areas. A project financed by the Darwin initiative deals with high nature value land.

Ukraine emphasized that the Carpathian Convention should strengthen international cooperation but is also important for internal issues. A strategy on implementation for the Carpathian Convention was approved by the Ukrainian government as well as a national action plan enacted. Institutions and local administrations have the obligation to implement the Carpathian Convention. One local administration is particularly interested in hosting the Permanent Secretariat of the Carpathian Convention. Special amendments on the rules of forestry, which limit time and space on the tree cutting in the Carpathians for soil protection have been enacted. The main source for funding for concrete projects is the national environmental fund. Land use is regulated in all parts of the Ukrainian Carpathians and special permits have to be obtained from the respective Ministry e.g. for building. 300.000 hectares of forests were saved from harvesting due to the Carpathian Convention. The relation with other ministries and different state committees is good. A special Carpathian Convention council has been established at the governmental level.

WWF emphasized that EU funds are crucial to implement the Carpathian Convention and proposed a conference of regional authorities of the Carpathians on this issue. WWF promotes the issue of old growth forest and also supports the development of the Protocol on Sustainable Forest Management to the Carpathian Convention.

Many delegations stressed the need of preparing a comprehensive report outlining national achievements and challenges related to the implementation of the Carpathian Convention especially having the forthcoming COP3 in mind. They further highlighted the need of integrating the Carpathian Convention into the sectoral policies. It was finally agreed that the Interim Secretariat of the Carpathian Convention (ISCC) will coordinate the preparation of such a publication on opportunities and challenges, for multiple promotional use (mainstreaming and fundraising), codifying problems and achievements. (*see also Conclusion No. 2*). The European Academy (EURAC) made the offer in this respect to prepare such a report.

Discussion and interventions by observers

A presentation was given by Mr. Andreas Beckmann on behalf of WWF-DCP on the proposal of having a “Carpathian Regions Summit”(see also *Annex IX to the Progress Report*) to be hosted in 2011, with the participation of regional authorities, as already mentioned above.

Ms. Anna Guttova in the name of CERI further informed participants on the launch of the Carpathian Biodiversity Information System on the web (www.carpates.org/cbis.html) for Eastern and Southern Carpathians, being a part of results of the project “Development of an Ecological Network for the Carpathians” and on further project outputs towards an ecological network for the Carpathians summarized in a concise project report document.

3. The Protocol on Biological and Landscape Diversity and the Carpathian Network of Protected Areas (CNPA)

Status of ratification (Depositary)

HE gave an update on the current status of ratification of the Biodiversity Protocol. For the moment the following Parties to the Carpathian Convention have deposited their instruments of ratification: Czech Republic and Ukraine. Poland is in an advanced stage of its internal procedures (waiting for the signature of the President). In Hungary the internal process was accomplished on 2 December 2009 and the diplomatic note is being prepared. In Slovakia the ratification process is under way and will hopefully be finalized before the parliamentary elections in June 2010. Romania is in the process of launching the ratification of the Protocol.

Progress on CNPA issues (interim CNPA Chair / Romania)

FS stressed the need of synchronizing the work of the two bodies: the Working Group on Biodiversity (BD) and the CNPA Steering Committee (SC). The Parties did not find a consensus on the role of and the relationship between the two bodies as well as their follow-up activities. It was finally agreed that the WG on Biodiversity will continue to work on the Strategic Action Plan (SAP) for the implementation of the Biodiversity Protocol and the CNPA SC will further prepare the work plan, both documents will be reviewed by the CCIC at its next meeting. COP3 will then finally decide upon the future structure of these two bodies (*see also Conclusion No. 3-5*).

Participants informed the meeting about the upcoming “International Year of Biodiversity” in 2010 and stressed the need to provide inputs in this respect in order to raise awareness for the Carpathians (*see also Conclusion No. 20*).

Mr. Andreas Beckmann on behalf of WWF-DCP informed participants of the “Carpathian Park Days”, to take place on 24 May 2010 in connection with the “European Day of Parks”, which is being coordinated and promoted by WWF-DCP in cooperation with the CNPA as part of the Protected Areas for a Living Planet Programme. The purpose of the event is to raise awareness of Carpathian natural treasures and protected areas and encourage people to take an active interest in and support their protected areas. WWF is working with individual park administrations throughout the Carpathians to prepare local events, and is preparing a national awareness campaign in Romania to accompany the event.

4. Preparations for the development of the Protocol on Sustainable Forest Management and other Protocols

HE informed participants about the latest developments in this respect. Cooperation with FAO in the framework of a platform on sustainable agriculture and rural development in mountains (SARD-M) is ongoing. HE gave a briefing on the last meeting of the WG on Sustainable Forest Management in Bratislava and their achieved outputs (new draft Protocol and ToRs) and introduced the envisaged follow-up of developing the Protocol on Sustainable Forest Management. Several delegations emphasized the interest and principle feasibility of achieving the finalization of the Protocol until COP3 in 2011, even so the deadlines of internal administrative matters will be tight and enhanced efforts will be necessary. They also

stressed the need of involving the competent ministries dealing with forestry issues such as the Ministries of Agriculture. The Chairs pointed out to the unique opportunity of having a Protocol dealing with *Sustainable Forest Management*. The Parties agreed on the continuation of the process and to start ministerial discussions (*see also Conclusion No. 12*). A deadline for sending comments on the draft Protocol will be set.

HE further briefed participants on the ongoing discussions within the framework of the Ministerial Conference for the Protection of Forests in Europe (MCPFE) and that the Secretariat is participating in the ongoing process through UNEP. Some delegations pointed out the need of establishing links to the ongoing process of the MCPFE and of informing them about the latest outcomes of the WG on Sustainable Forest Management. It was finally agreed that the Secretariat will keep an eye on the process and apply for observer ship. (*see also Conclusion No. 12*)

Mr. David Kovats on behalf of Hungary informed participants about the importance of national legislation (e.g.: forest act) for compliance with the regulations of the Protocol on Sustainable Forest Management and other protocols to the Carpathian Convention. In connection with the Protocol on Sustainable Forest Management he further pointed out that its direction must not affect other national legislations and laws, the Protocol should not be too ambiguous. Another important issue in this respect is the Strategic Action Plan that will have to be based on the Protocol. Mr. David Kovats noted that probably more than one year of time will be needed to create a draft Strategic Action Plan after the submission of the Protocol.

5. Programme of work and follow-up platform (UNEP programme support, “Carpathian Project” closure, “BIOREGIO Carpathians”, Sustainable Transport and Tourism, European Mountain ABC, etc.)

“BIOREGIO Carpathians” project proposal

Mr. Giacomo Luciani (GL) made a presentation on the project proposal “BIOREGIO Carpathians” that is going to be submitted under the 2nd call of the South-East Europe Programme. FS pointed out that the “BIOREGIO Carpathians” project proposal needs support in this sense as it is linked to the articles of the Biodiversity Protocol and contributes to the Protocol’s implementation. GL stressed the need that the Carpathian countries become observers to this project. It was agreed that the Secretariat will furnish the current draft of the EoI to the National Focal Points (*see also Conclusion No. 7 and Annex I*).

Spatial Planning

HE informed participants about the latest developments in respect to “VASICA” and the “Carpathian Project” and highlighted the need of promoting the “Carpathian Space” and integrating it in the “Danube strategy”. Hungary and Slovakia announced their offer looking into possibilities to host a strategic important event with the aim to raise the influence of the “Carpathian Space” and on “greening” the “Danube Strategy” (*see also Conclusion No. 9*).

According to the “UNDP GF Tisza river project” participants were *inter alia* informed on the upcoming “Workshop on integration of water quality and quantity management” in Hungary (*see also Annex X to the Progress Report*). Participants agreed that this would be a good example to intensify the cooperation with the International Commission for the Protection of

the Danube (ICPDR) and stressed the need of providing Carpathian Convention related input to the workshop. Hope was expressed by some participants that the ICPDR will consider signing an Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) with the Secretariat in the future (*see also Conclusion No. 10*).

Sustainable Transport and Infrastructure

A presentation was made by Doris Wiederwald (ÖAR Consultant) on the current project proposal “Sustainable Mobility and Tourism in Sensitive Regions of the Alps and the Carpathians” that is going to be submitted under the 2nd call of the South-East Europe Programme. As the same for the “BIOREGIO Carpathians” project proposal it was highlighted to have the Carpathian countries as observers on board in order to contribute to the transnational frame of the project. It was agreed that the Secretariat will furnish a document with a short description of the project to the National Focal Points (*see also Conclusion No. 13 and Annex II*).

HE also gave an update on the project “Alpine - Carpathian Corridor” that is in the state of implementation, and informed participants that the Secretariat is having an important role in this project, especially in relation of drafting a MoU, involving various stakeholders from the Slovak Republic and Austria.

Sustainable Tourism

In relation to tourism a presentation was given by Mr. Michael Meyer on behalf of CEEWEB on the current standings of the development of the Protocol on Sustainable Tourism to the Carpathian Convention. The need to further work on the strategy in order to ensure the proper follow-up was highlighted. Many delegations pointed out that their competent Ministries were not disposing of much power to push the work in this respect. An invitation letter to the WTO prepared by the ISCC/UNEP would facilitate the process. For this purpose, the WG on Sustainable Tourism would hold its next meeting in September 2010, organized as a side event to the closing conference of the project on enviro-friendly tourism in the Polish Carpathians. (*see also Conclusion no. 14*)

Industry and energy

HE informed about the rejection of the joint project made by the Secretariat in collaboration with UNIDO, UNEP and FAO. The idea of renewing the collaboration with UNIDO is envisaged.

Cultural heritage and traditional knowledge

A presentation was made by Ms. Tamara Malkova on behalf of ANPED on the development of a “Carpathian Heritage Inventory”. The project suggested by ANPED includes pilot actions in the region of the Czech Republic and Ukraine, as a first step towards a comprehensive Carpathian Heritage programme and web portal covering all the countries in the Carpathian region.

FS pointed to the possibility of having a publication of a pamphlet for each Carpathian country in order to provide the ministers at COP3 with useful documentation on matters related to cultural heritage. (*See also Conclusion No. 15*)

Environmental assessment/information system/ monitoring/ and early warning

FS informed participants about the fact that the EURECA project has delays within the European Environmental Agency and stressed the need to reactivate the discussions. HE made a short presentation on the “Science for the Carpathians”- initiative and pointed to the first “Forum Carpathicum”, the first scientific forum in the Carpathians, going to be held in Poland 2010. (*See also Conclusion No. 16*)

Awareness rising, education and public participation

Ms. Tamara Mitrofanenko (TM) on behalf of UNEP Vienna presented the latest outcomes in relation to education: “Carpathian Mountains ESD Toolkit” and a handbook “World of the Carpathians” produced by Daphne Institute of Applied Ecology and Carpathian Ecoregion Initiative (CERI).

The Parties agreed that it would be good having a follow-up of this prepared documentation and modifying it into national versions. FS encouraged the Carpathian countries to cooperate in this matter as it presents highly interesting material for the upcoming COP3.

Ms. Pam McCarthy on behalf of ANPED further made a presentation on the “Public Participation Strategy” (*see also Conclusion no. 17*).

6. Carpathian Space, cooperation with the European Union, cooperation with other conventions and international bodies

HE gave an update on the current status in this matter and Parties analyzed the possibilities to promote accession or otherwise of the European Community to the Carpathian Convention. It is very important to prepare a recurrent agenda item on informing the Council of Ministers of the EU about the Carpathian Convention. Participants noted the importance of the forthcoming Hungarian EU presidency in this respect (*See also Conclusion No. 18*). Parties also pointed to the necessity of involving the Council of Europe in a possible “Carpathian Region Summit” (presentation made by WWF DCP, already mentioned above).

HE further raised the issue of the relationship between the Secretariat and UNEP. It was noted that four Carpathian countries (Hungary, Czech Republic, Romania, Serbia) were represented in the Governing Council of UNEP giving them an important role in this respect (*see also Conclusion No. 21*).

7. Institutional issues

Financing the Carpathian Convention and its Secretariat

HE welcomed the financial contributions made by the Carpathian countries and thanked delegations that all Carpathian Convention Parties had paid their voluntary contributions for 2008 and 2009 on time. HE emphasized the particular appreciations to the fact that increased voluntary contributions had been paid by the Czech Republic for 2009, 2010 and 2011, as well as partially increased contributions had been paid by Hungary for 2008 and 2009. Several delegations highlighted their problems related to meeting their increased voluntary contributions to the financial crisis.

EURAC support unit

HE introduced the newly established EURAC Support Unit in the ISCC, consisting of Mr. Giacomo Luciani and Mr. Matthias Jurek, reinforcing the Secretariat in its work. (*See also Conclusion No. 6*)

Towards permanent arrangements

Slovakia informed other participants about its intention to send new invitation letters to the respective Ministers for the Environment of Romania and Ukraine. A possible meeting of the three ministers to further discuss on the matters relating to permanent arrangements is scheduled for May 2010.

8. Scope of application of the Carpathian Convention

No delegation made comments on this subject.

9. Preparations for the 3rd Conference of the Parties (COP3), Slovakia in 2011

Slovakia informed the other participants that the reservation of funds for COP3 was already sent out, still it is not confirmed yet. The possible location of the Conference will be Bratislava. The date of the Conference will be probably first or second week of May 2011. The ISCC will assist in meeting organization and visit Bratislava in January 2010.

10. Tentative agenda, date and location of the 3rd Meeting of the CCIC in 2010

HE pointed out that the CCIC will only have one more meeting before COP3. The Parties agreed on the next meeting of the CCIC to take place in November/December 2010. The Secretariat made an invitation in this respect to host this meeting (*see also Conclusion No. 22*)

11. Other matters

12. Closure of the Meeting

CONCLUSIONS

1. The ISCC will coordinate the preparation of a publication on opportunities and challenges, for multiple promotional use (mainstreaming and fundraising).
2. The Parties ensure through ratification that the Protocol on Conservation and Sustainable Use of Biological and Landscape Diversity is operational by the Third Meeting of the Parties in Slovakia 2011 (COP3).
3. COP3 will receive the SAP for implementation of the Biodiversity Protocol prepared by the WG on Biodiversity and reviewed by the CCIC.
4. COP3 will receive the CNPA work plan prepared by the CNPA SC and reviewed by the CCIC. The plan will fit in and be a specification of part of the SAP.
5. The final role and position of the WG on Biodiversity and the CNPA SC will be determined by COP3 on basis of points 3 and 4.
6. The ISCC has been reinforced by the EURAC Expert Unit to handle secretariat issues and project support pending decisions on Permanent Secretariat.
7. The Parties noted with pleasure the presentation of the “BIOREGIO Carpathians” project proposal prepared by ISCC and its EURAC Support Unit (*For specific arrangement, see Annex I*).
8. Parties noted with pleasure the CWI- progress and encouraged the further work in this respect.
9. Parties agreed that the WG on Spatial Planning meets half way 2010 to take stock and discuss the integration of a “Carpathian Space” in the “Danube Strategy”. Successful examples should find their place in the publication on challenges and opportunities (point 1).
10. Parties supported the Carpathian input to the ICPDR workshop and urged the Secretariat to further discuss the substance on the input (forests, wetlands, mining?) in light of the comments made. Parties were requested to help to facilitate the conclusion of a Memorandum of Understanding between the ISCC and the ICPDR.
11. Parties will be further informed of progress in cooperation with FAO on SARD-M.
12. The preparation for the development of a Protocol on Sustainable Forest Management will continue with a view to have a Protocol to have adopted and signed at COP3, in the understanding that countries will advance internal agreement on their representation, and at the same time provide comments to the draft text of the Protocol, in time for a possible negotiating meeting in May/June 2010. The ISCC will intensify contacts and cooperation with the MCPFE, through application for observer status and involving MCPFE in negotiating process of the Draft Protocol on Sustainable Forest Management.

13. The Parties noted the presentation of the “Sustainable Mobility and Tourism in sensitive areas of the Alps and the Carpathians” project proposal. (*For specific arrangement, see Annex II*).
14. Parties underlined the need for intensification of the negotiating process of the Protocol on Sustainable Tourism and welcomed the possibility of involving WTO and its national consistency, following an invitation letter by the ISCC/UNEP. For this purpose, the WG on Sustainable Tourism would hold its next meeting in September 2010, organized as a side-event to the closing conference of the project on environmentally friendly tourism in the Polish Carpathians.
15. Parties welcomed the proposal submitted by ANPED and recommended to support it. Parties further urged all countries to follow the example of the Czech Republic and Ukraine in providing a pamphlet highlighting the heritage in the respective countries as an important contribution and incentive for COP3 to discuss and agree on a comprehensive operational plan related to the “Carpathian Heritage Inventory”.
16. The Secretariat will further explore the potential of the Carpathian science network, building on the network established for the Carpathians Environment Outlook (KEO), and linked to relevant parts of the EEA-EIONET network, and continue supporting the “Science for the Carpathian Initiative” and the planned “Forum Carpathicum” (Poland, September 2010).
17. Parties welcomed the “Carpathian Mountains ESD Toolkit” and “World of the Carpathians”, and supported the idea of developing a version for each country in time for presentation to COP3. Parties also welcomed the ANPED public participation related checklist, for possible inclusion in the publication on opportunities and challenges (point 1).
18. Parties agreed to revisit and analyze past efforts to promote accession or otherwise of the European Community to the Convention, especially in the light of the forthcoming Hungarian EU presidency (January-June, 2011) with the view to advance the issue. Parties also agreed that further work should be undertaken to prepare and organize a “Carpathian Region Summit” possible in consultation with the Council of Europe.
19. Parties underlined the need of further promoting the establishment of the full-fledged “Carpathian Space” programme (decision COP2/11).
20. The Secretariat was encouraged to develop proposals celebrating the “International Year of Biodiversity” in 2010, and to report on the Carpathian Convention in all relevant forums (i.p. relevant CBD bodies).
21. The Parties agreed that it is up to COP3 to decide on the relationship between UNEP and the Carpathian Convention and noted the role of the Carpathian countries in this respect as they are represented in the Governing Council of UNEP.
22. The Parties agreed on the next meeting of the CCIC to take place in November/December 2010. The ISCC made an invitation in this respect to host this meeting in Vienna.

ANNEX I

Agreements between the EURAC expert team/ISCC and National Focal Points (NFP) of the Carpathian Convention for the development and approval of the "BIOREGIO Carpathians" project proposal

- Delivery of the draft Expression of Interest to the partners at the beginning of with the respective Carpathian Convention NFP in cc (Deadline for the submission of the Expression of Interest: 21 December 2009).
- Availability of the Carpathian Convention NFP to support the project and to request to their Ministries to become formal observers to the project through the signature of an official letter provided by the EURAC expert team, probably in February/March 2010 (possible deadline for the submission of the eventual application form of the project: April 2010).
- Identification of the members of the Monitoring Committee by the EURAC expert team with the support of the Carpathian Convention NFP also through the contact with the SEE Program NFP, indicated in the annex below.
- Promotion of the project to the members of the Monitoring Committee by the Carpathian Ministries of the Environment after the submission of the Expression of Interest.
- Promotion of the project to the members of the Monitoring Committee by the Carpathian Ministries of the Environment after the submission of the application form.

Annex: List of the SEE National Focal Points

HUNGARY	VÁTI Kht Public Company for Regional Development and Town Planning Hungary Gellérthegey u. 30-32. 1016 Budapest, Hungary http://www.vati.hu/	Béla Hegyesi Mobile: +36 30 475 8573 Tel: +36 1 224 32 74 Fax: +36 1 224 32 91 Email: hegyesi(at)vati.hu
ROMANIA	Ministry of Regional Development and Housing Directorate for International Territorial Cooperation 17th Apolodor Street Sector 5 - Bucharest Romania www.mdrl.ro www.infocooperare.ro	Simona Arghire (Petcu) Tel: +40 372 111 305 Fax: +40 372 111 456 Email: simona.petcu(at)mdrl.ro
SERBIA	Ministry of Finance Sector for Programming, Management of EU funds and Development Assistance 20 Kneza Milosa St. Belgrade Serbia http://www.mfin.gov.rs/	Bojana Milicevic Tel: +381 11 36 42 798, Fax: +381 11 364 2785 E-mail: bojana.milicevic(at)mfin.gov.rs
SLOVAKIA	Ministry of Environment of the Slovak Republic Nam. L. Stura 1 81235 Bratislava Slovakia http://www.enviro.gov.sk/servlets/page/868?c_id=5508	Jana Rolinova Tel: +42 1 2 59 56 2191 Fax: +42 1 2 59 56 2110 Email: jana.rolinova(at)enviro.gov.sk Zuzana Fáberová Tel: +42 12 5956 2432 Fax: +42 12 5956 2210 Email: zuzana.faberova(at)enviro.gov.sk
UKRAINE	Ministry of Economy of Ukraine Directorate for Cooperation with European Union Grushevskoho str. 12/2 Kyiv-8, 01008 Ukraine	Olexiy Rozhkov Deputy Director Tel: +380 44 27 21 898 Fax: +380 44 27 25 375 Email: ukraine-eu(at)mfert.gov.ua

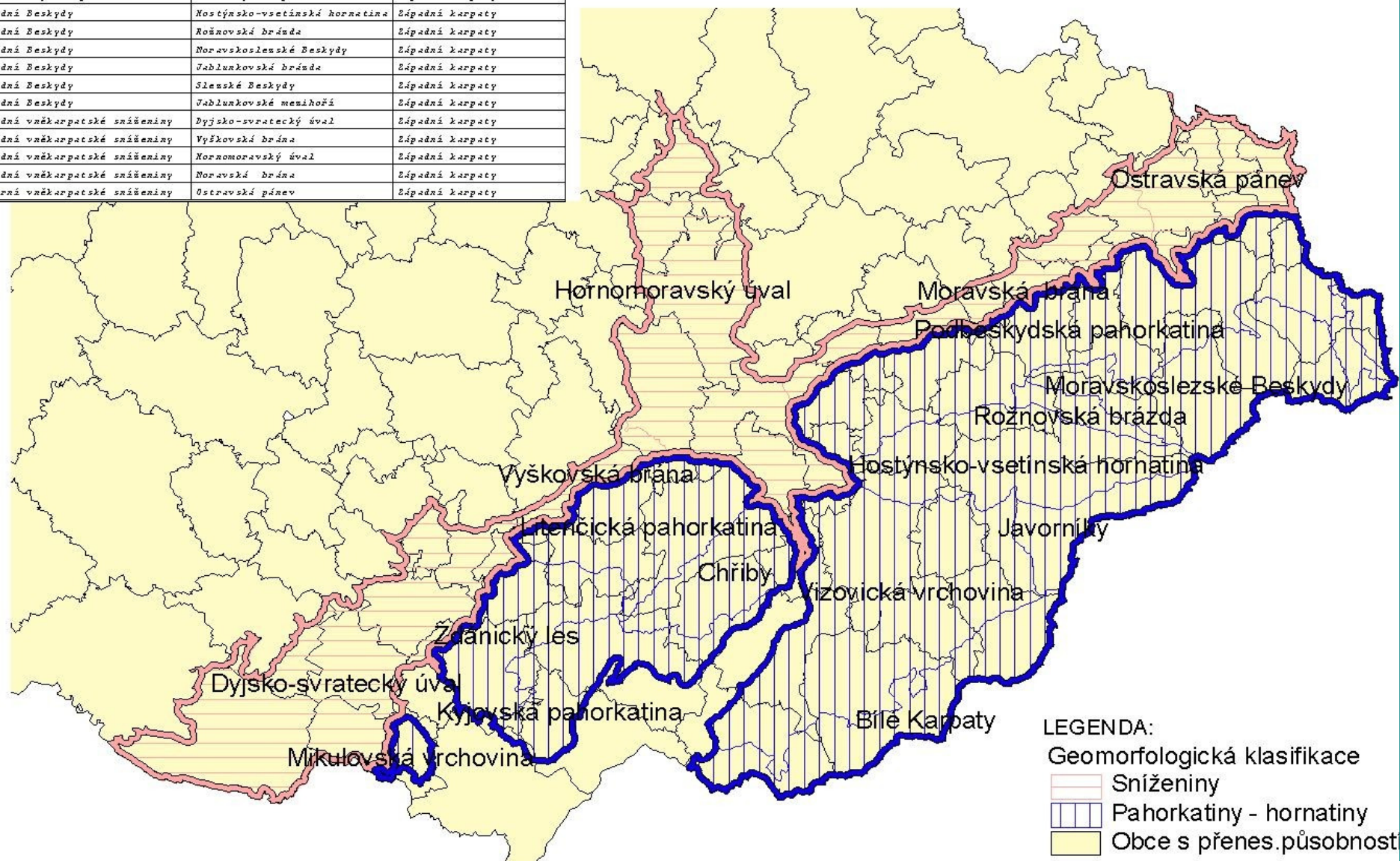
ANNEX I

Agreements between the EURAC expert team/ISCC and National Focal Points (NFP) of the Carpathian Convention for the development and approval of the “Sustainable Mobility and Tourism in sensitive areas of the Alps and the Carpathians” project proposal

- Delivery of general information on the project proposal to the NFP (Deadline for the submission of the EoI: 21 December 2009).
- Feedback to the ISCC provided by the respective NFP on becoming observers to the project proposal.

Oblast	Čelek	Provincie
Víthomoravské Karpaty	Nikulovská vrchovina	Žápadní karpaty
Středomoravské Karpaty	Žďánický les	Žápadní karpaty
Středomoravské Karpaty	Litenčická pahorkatina	Žápadní karpaty
Středomoravské Karpaty	Chřiby	Žápadní karpaty
Středomoravské Karpaty	Kyjovská pahorkatina	Žápadní karpaty
Slovensko-moravské Karpaty	Visovická vrchovina	Žápadní karpaty
Slovensko-moravské Karpaty	Bílé Karpaty	Žápadní karpaty
Slovensko-moravské Karpaty	Javorníky	Žápadní karpaty
Žápadobeskydské podhůří	Podbeskydská pahorkatina	Žápadní karpaty
Žápadní Beskydy	Hostýnsko-vsetínská hornatina	Žápadní karpaty
Žápadní Beskydy	Rožnovská brázda	Žápadní karpaty
Žápadní Beskydy	Moravskoslezské Beskydy	Žápadní karpaty
Žápadní Beskydy	Jablunkovská brázda	Žápadní karpaty
Žápadní Beskydy	Slezské Beskydy	Žápadní karpaty
Žápadní Beskydy	Jablunkovské mezihoří	Žápadní karpaty
Žápadní vněkarpatské sníženiny	Dvjsko-svratecký úval	Žápadní karpaty
Žápadní vněkarpatské sníženiny	Vyškovská brána	Žápadní karpaty
Žápadní vněkarpatské sníženiny	Hornomoravský úval	Žápadní karpaty
Žápadní vněkarpatské sníženiny	Moravská brána	Žápadní karpaty
Severní vněkarpatské sníženiny	Ostravská pánev	Žápadní karpaty

Úmluva o ochraně Karpat Vymezení hranic



Libosvárovi z Hluku

„Fandíme folkloru a starým věcem“



LIDÉ A PŘÍBĚHY KARPAT

*** KARPATSKÉ DĚDICTVÍ

Vladimír Šácha z Hluku

„Symbolika ornamentu se uplatní
i v moderním designu.“



LIDÉ A PŘÍBĚHY KARPAT

*** KARPATSKÉ DĚDICTVÍ

Vlastimil Ondra z Nivnice

„Zbojník je trochu jako akční hrdina“



LIDÉ A PŘÍBĚHY KARPAT

*** KARPATSKÉ DĚDICTVÍ

**Pavčina Kolínková
z Valašských Klobouků**

„Stařící měli ekovýchovu zmáknutou“



LIDÉ A PŘÍBĚHY KARPAT

*** KARPATSKÉ DĚDICTVÍ



Skrytá krása

*Příroda a krajina v horách
i podhůří*

Celtnavienrodoja piamavcho pohoň Koryut čini sri 210 tisíc km², pã-
činn celtnav dõlka donãnjã sri 1 500 kilõmetrã s masimãlã mĩtã 550
kilõmetrã.

- [illegible]

Recepty ze i s r u s k é d r a h y i n t e r n e t u, k t e r é j e p o u p i s k ů n e r c i p r o m i n i m a l n ě o b y v a t ě j a k o v ý n a m ě r n ě j s í p r o p a g a n d a, k t e r ý b a d e p o m o h t ě k d ě l a m n a s o u o r n ě j s í r e g i o n a i z a t a c h o v ě n ě b o l s h e v s k ě p o m o d ě a m i n i m a l n ě t r a d i c i.





2009

- **MOVE4NATURE Project - Jana Urbančíková – CNPA NFP**
- **CPAMETT (Management Effectiveness Tracking Tool)**
 - Czech translation
 - Adding a content from PLA Administration
- **Preparation of Activities under the 2010 International Year of Biodiversity, Day of Parks**
- **CNPA - Vlastimil Kostkan – Training for Practicioners**



Projects and other activities

- **Operational Programme Environment (EU Funds)**
 - 14th call - 26 October 2009
 - Evaluation Criteria – areas designated under the Carpathian Convention in the Czech Republic
- **Institute for Ecopolicy – Project from „Revolving fund“ – „Heritage of Jablunkovsko – Carpathian Convention in everyday life“**
 - Carpathian Heritage (workshops, exhibition, information campaign)
- **NGO – Salamandr – Project „Preservation of Carpathian Heritage in Beskydy area“**
 - Focused on natural heritage
- **Preparation of Activities under the 2010 International Year of Biodiversity, Day of Parks**
- **CNPA - Vlastimil Kostkan – Training for Practicioners**