

From Alpen through Carpathian



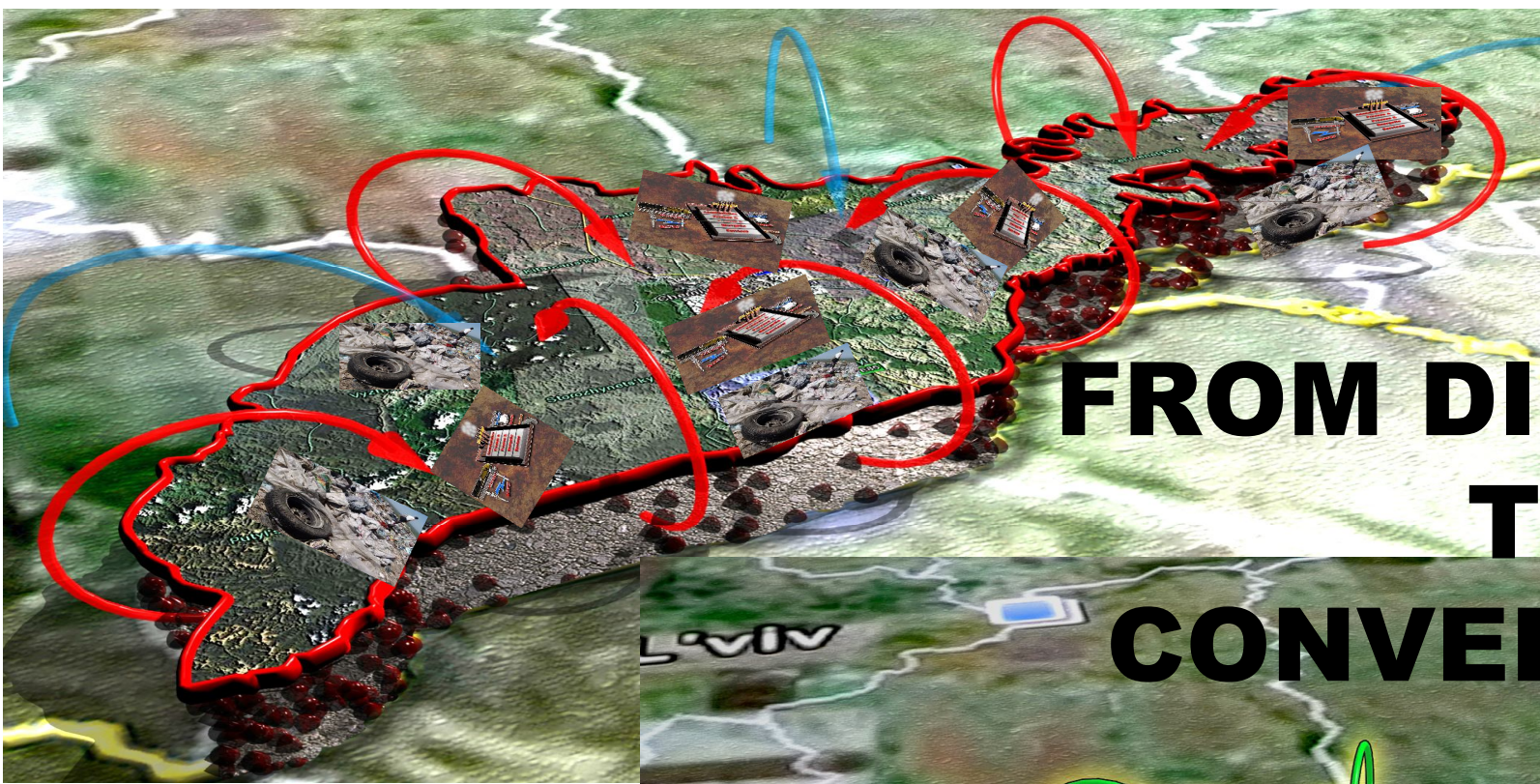
to the European Mountain Convention

Ukrainian proposal for the EU Carpathian Strategy IV

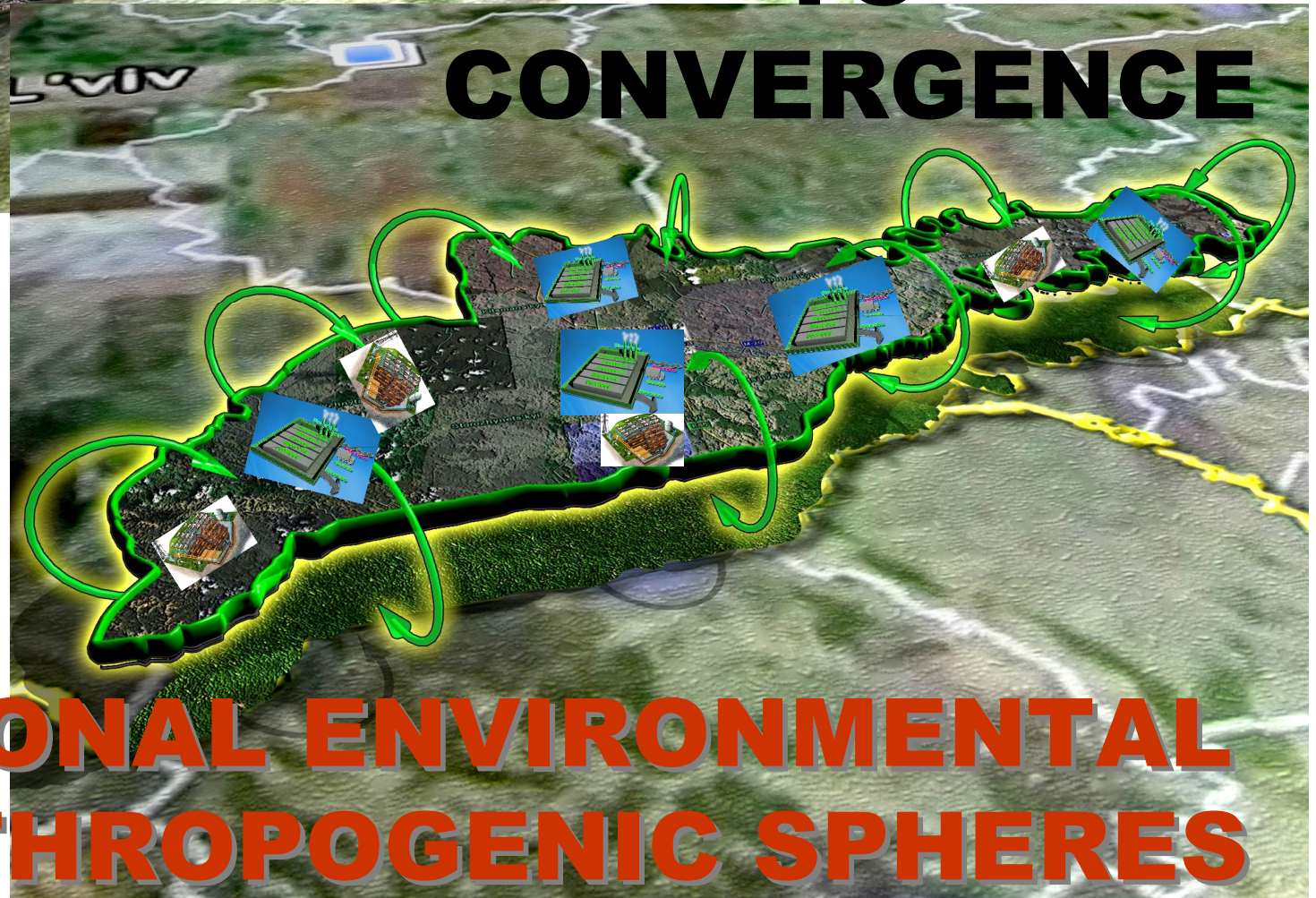


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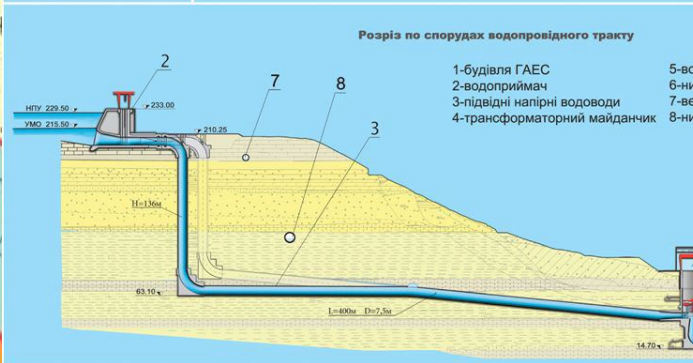
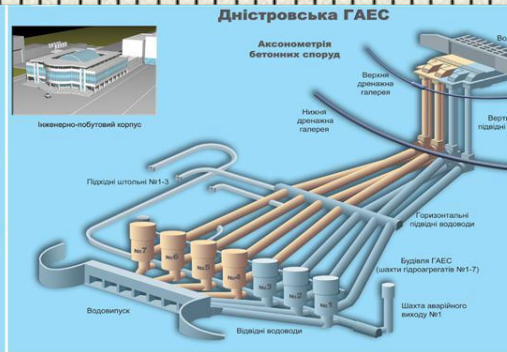


**FROM DISPARITY
TO
CONVERGENCE**



**OF REGIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL
AND ANTHROPOGENIC SPHERES**

WATER RESOURCES



DANUBE POLLUTION REDUCTION PROGRAMME NATIONAL PLANNING WORKSHOP UKRAINE

Black Sea, July 13-19, 1998



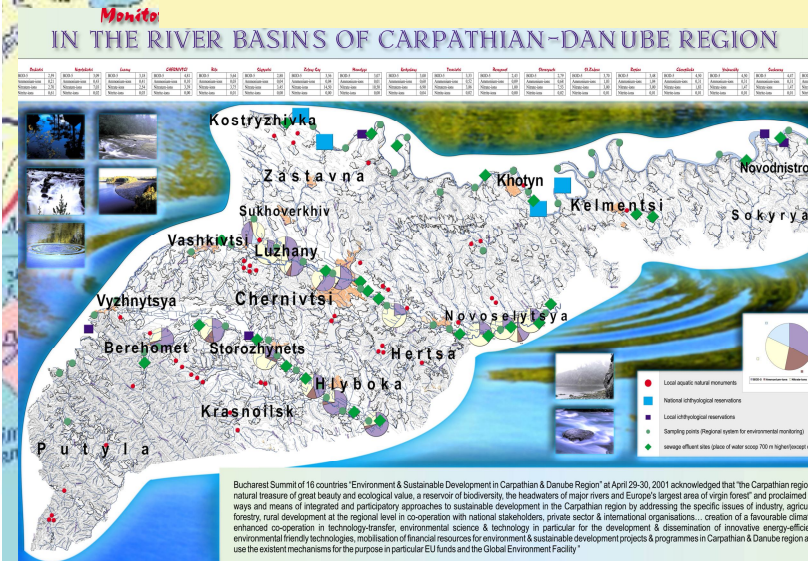
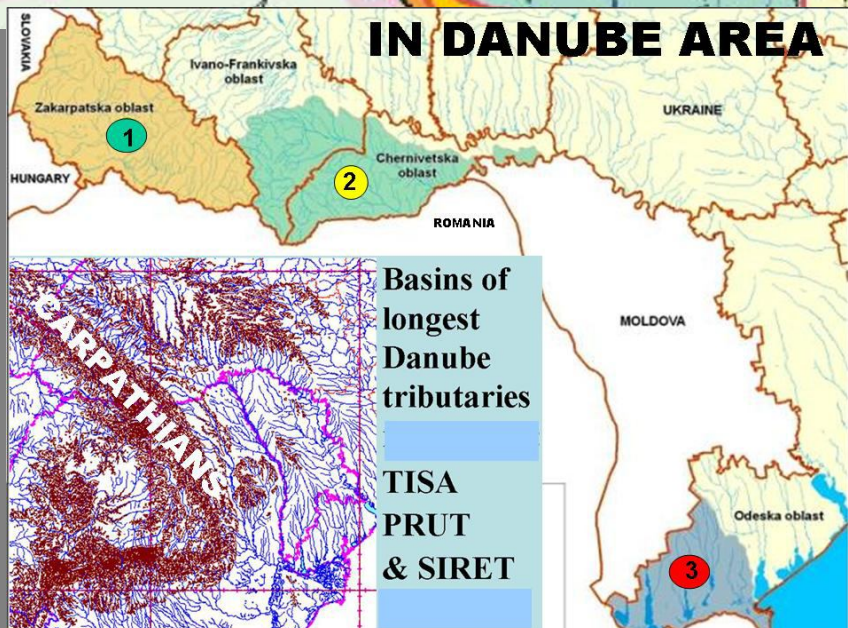
www.icpdr.org/icpdr-files/8277

Ministry of Environmental Protection
and Nuclear Safety

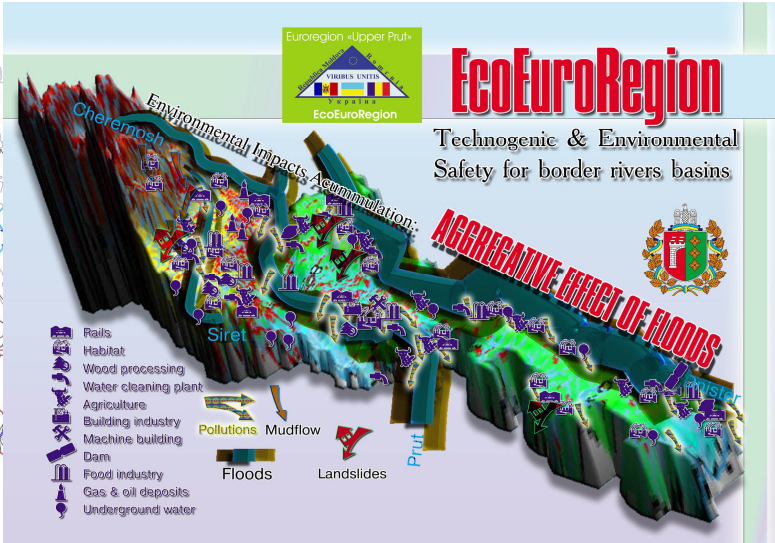
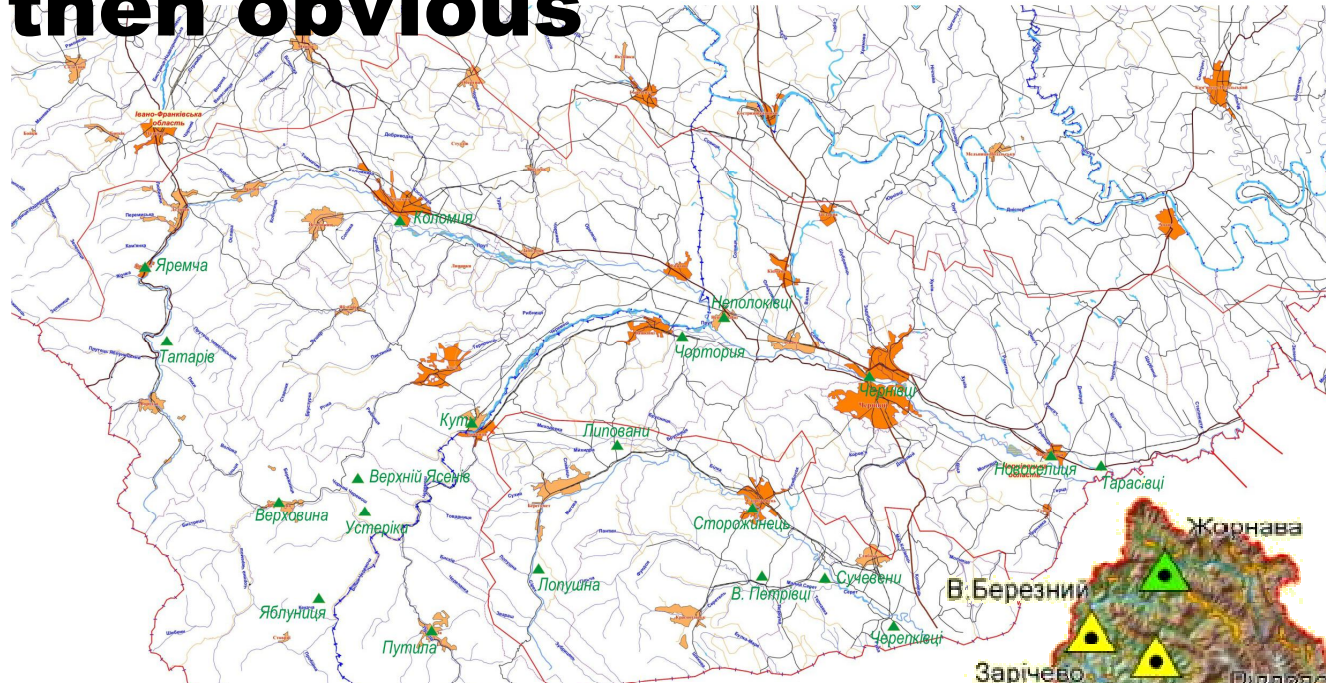
in cooperation with the
Programme Coordination Unit
UNDP/GEF Assistance



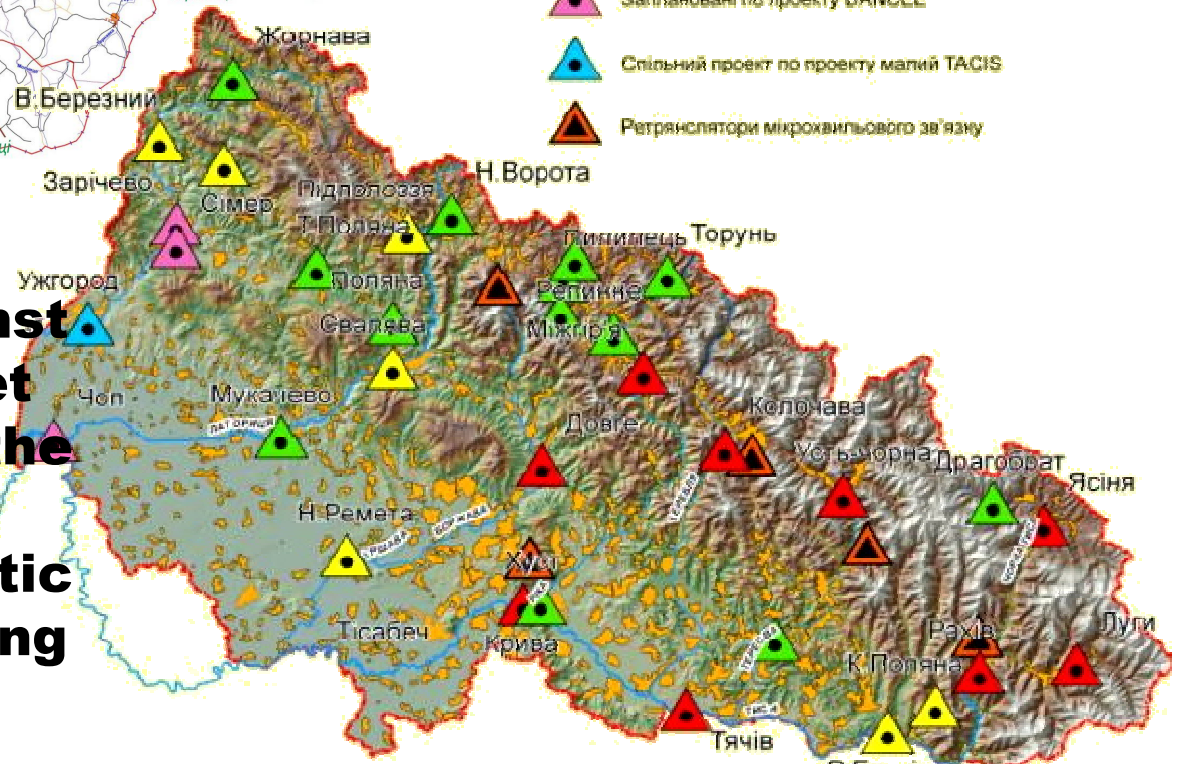
Concept for the Water Supply in Chernovtsy
Концепція водоснабження міста Чернівці



General topic of EUSDR concerns Clean Water Sources in Alps and Carpathians under Climate Change very soon will become more then obvious



Prevention and protection against floods in the Upper Tisa & Siret and Prut River Basins, through the implementation of a modern monitoring system with automatic stations, GIS, Systems Monitoring and Water Management



Energy

Save

Transit

primary energy sources,
energy-ware production

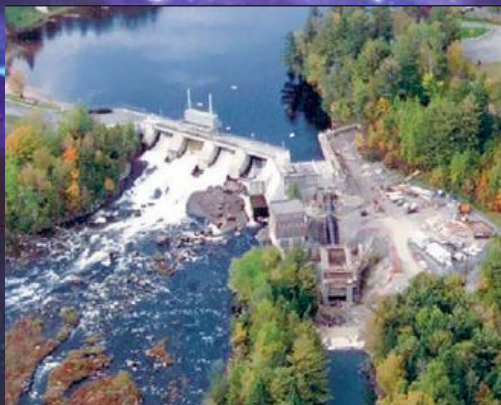
utilisation of the "secondary"
energy resources and the
energy potential of the waste

transportation

energy consumption

distribution

energy-saving technologies



Production

ЕНЕРГОЗБЕТА АЛТЕРНАТИВНИ ДЖЕРЕЛА ЕНЕРГИЈЕ ЧЕРНИВЕЦЬ

ENERGY SAVING AND ALTERNATIVE ENERGY SOURCES IN CHERNIVTSI REGION



ЕНЕРГЕТИЧЕСКИЙ

Chernivtsy Energy Plan

Alpine and Carpathian forests are not only the “Lungs” of Europe – but the single alternative Water Sources for Danube under the Climate Change mountains Snow and Glacier exhaustion



Forestry and Wood processing





Not by bread alone



Sustainable Life Cycle of Land Use, Farming, Harvest & Livestock Products Processing & Marketing, Energy & Secondary Resources Utilization, Rural Tourism Development

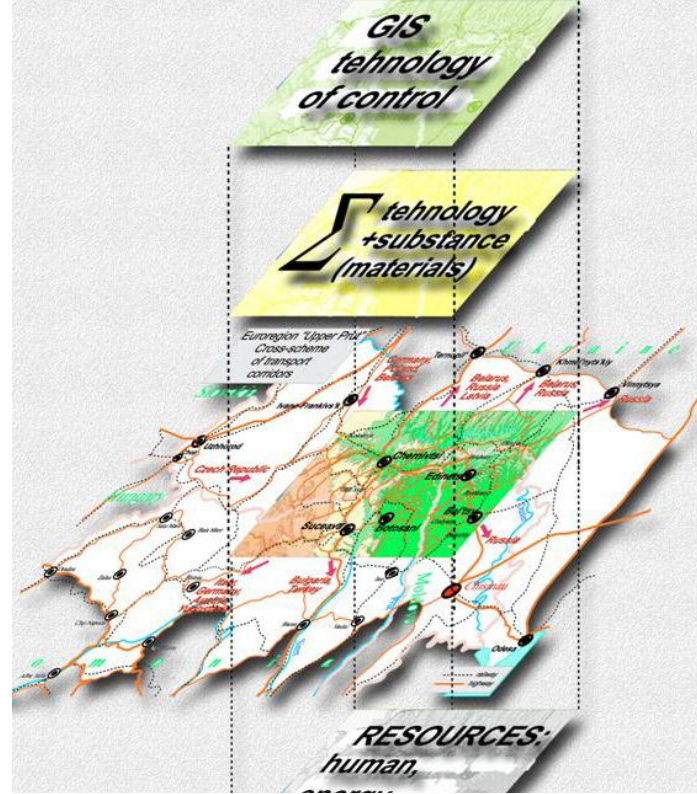
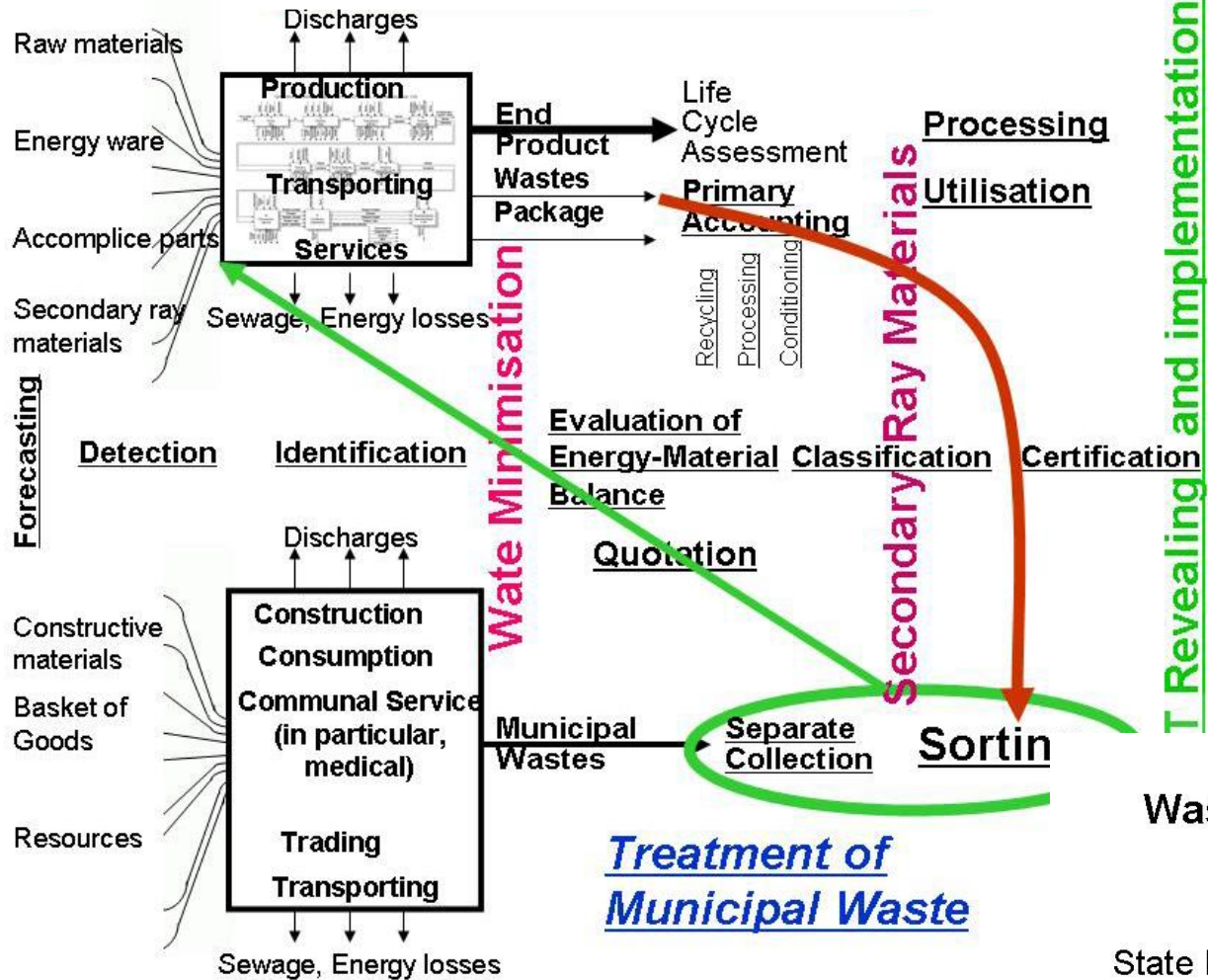


Posibilități	Obstacole
Atractivitatea investițională	Legislația funciară necorespunzătoare
Cooperarea transfrontalieră	Politica de import-export dezechilibrată
Laturile tari	Laturile slabe
Sectorul tradițional diversificat	Dezvoltarea și stabilitatea insuficientă
Apropierea de piețele de desfacere	Marketingul și cooperarea slabă

Можливості	Перепони
Інвестиційна привабливість	Невідповідне земельне законодавство
Транскордонна співпраця	Незбалансована експортно-імпортна політика
Сильні сторони	Слабкі сторони
Традиційно багатуокладний сектор	Слабкі розвиненість і стабільність
Наближеність до ринків збуту	Слабкі маркетинг і кооперація

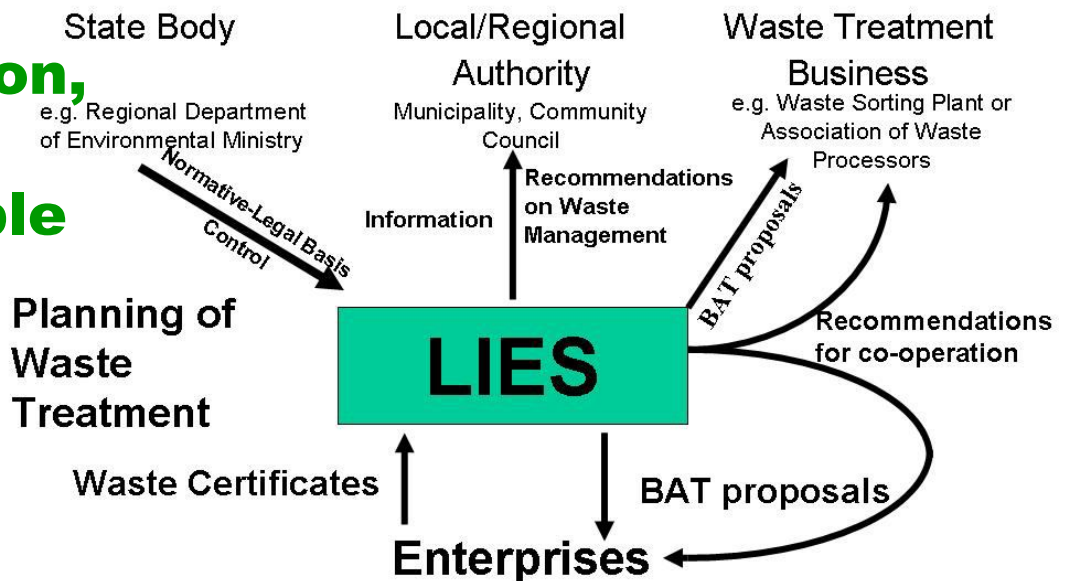


Treatment of Industrial & Agricultural Waste



Local Information-Expert System for Waste Certification and BAT Implementation (City, District, Region)

Constitutors



Integrated Resource Conservation, Pollution Prevention & Control by modern IT (GIS), Best Available Technologies (BAT) and Clustering approach for Public-Private Partnership and SME development

providing shortest way to Clusterisation of Private Public Partnership (PPP) for Innovation-Investment development through implementation of Best Available Technique (BAT)

Europe INNOVA / PRO INNO

THE CONCEPT OF CLUSTERS AND CLUSTER POLICIES AND THEIR ROLE FOR COMPETITIVENESS AND INNOVATION:

MAIN STATISTICAL RESULTS AND LESSONS LEARNED

GLOSSARY

1. Definitions related to clusters

Clusters can be defined as a group of firms, related economic actors, and institutions that are located near each other and have reached a sufficient scale to develop specialised expertise, services, resources, suppliers and skills.¹⁶⁹ They are a real economic phenomenon that can be economically measured, whereas cluster policies (←) are more an expression of political commitment to support existing clusters or the emergence of new clusters, and cluster initiatives (→) are organised efforts to achieve this.

Cluster categories: See cluster sectors (←).

Cluster cooperation can take different facets. It can mean the cooperation amongst and between cluster firms (↔) and other innovation actors located in different clusters. It can also mean the cooperation between policy-makers at programme level or between at operational level

THE EUROPEAN CLUSTER MEMORANDUM

Promoting European Innovation through Clusters

- The strategic importance of clusters for European innovation and global competitiveness is only now becoming fully recognized



COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES

Brussels, 17.10.2008
COM(2008) 652

COMMUNICATION FROM THE COMMISSION TO THE COUNCIL, THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT, THE EUROPEAN ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COMMITTEE AND THE COMMITTEE OF THE REGIONS

Towards world-class clusters in the European Union:

Implementing the broad-based innovation strategy

{SEC(2008) 2637}

From Waste to - Best Available Technologies
Від відходів до - Найкращі Доступні Технології

defra

BRITISH COUNCIL
Ukraine

EcoResource

Програма малих підприємств (SEPSA)

From BAT (best available technique) to BCAT (best combination of available techniques)

Сприяння запровадженню "кращих доступних технологій" (BAT) мінімізації відходів і ресурсозбереження

Promotion "Best Available Technologies" (BAT) implementation for Waste Minimisation & Resource Conservation

EUROPEAN NEIGHBOURHOOD AND PARTNERSHIP INSTRUMENT

Strategy Paper 2007-2013 & Eastern Regional Indicative Programme

Country/Region: ENPI Eastern Region

Lack of proper waste management practises and infrastructure is a serious concern throughout the region. Prevention, collection, treatment, recovery and final disposal need to be stepped up.

3.2.3 Sub-priority 3: SME Regional Cooperation b) Specific objectives

To enhance relations with EU counterparts so as to increase mutual trade, transfer of technology (Best Available Technology (BAT)), and investment;

To exchange of best practices and experience.

4 Priority area 2: Environment protection... Strategic context

Action in the environment field also brings significant economic and social benefits.

Effective environment policies boost economic efficiency and raise productivity, for instance through the use of cleaner more modern technology and management techniques, and through compliance with internationally recognised standards

To raise environmental awareness in the region through regional and sub-regional civil society cooperation.