COMMON AGRICULTURAL POLICY
post-2020

Emil SĂNDULESCU
The future CAP will focus on nine general objectives reflecting the economic, environmental and social importance of the policy:

1. Support viable farm income and resilience across the EU territory to enhance food security;
2. Enhance market orientation and increase competitiveness including greater focus on research, technology and digitalisation;
3. Improve farmers' position in the value chain;
4. Contribute to climate change mitigation and adaptation, as well as sustainable energy;
5. Foster sustainable development and efficient management of natural resources such as water, soil and air;
6. Contribute to the protection of biodiversity, enhance ecosystem services and preserve habitats and landscapes;
General objectives of the future CAP

7. Attract young farmers and facilitate business development in rural areas;

8. Promote employment, growth, social inclusion and local development in rural areas, including bioeconomy and sustainable forestry;

9. Improve the response of EU agriculture to societal demands on food and health, including safe, nutritious and sustainable food, as well as animal welfare.

European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development (EAFRD) + European Agricultural Guarantee Fund (EAGF) (Strategic Plan)
## CAP 2021-2027 - BUDGET

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>billion € (in current prices) (without UK)</th>
<th>2014-2020</th>
<th>2021-2027</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CAP (Total)</td>
<td>380.7</td>
<td>365</td>
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<td>Pillar 1 (EAGF)</td>
<td>287.6</td>
<td>286.2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Pillar 2 (EAFRD)</td>
<td>93.0</td>
<td>78.8</td>
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**Total public expenditure for Rural Development almost stable due to requirement for increased Member States contributions**

Re-balancing between EAGF and EAFRD **possible** through budget transfers:
- 15% between both funds;
- additional 15% from EAGF to EAFRD for environment/climate interventions;
- additional 2% from EAGF to EAFRD for young farmers support
(art. 85) The maximum EAFRD contribution rate shall be:

(b) 70% (85%/75% in 2014-2020) of the eligible public expenditure in the less developed regions;

(c) 65% of the eligible expenditure for payments under Article 66 (Natural or other area-specific constraints);

(d) 43% (53%) of the eligible public expenditure in the other regions.
RURAL DEVELOPMENT INTERVENTIONS

(a) Environmental, climate and other management commitments;

(b) Natural or other area-specific constraints;

(c) Area-specific disadvantages resulting from certain mandatory requirements;

(d) Investments *(Maximun support rate 75% - exceptions: environmental/ climate, basic services, restoration;*

(e) Installation of young farmers *(max. 100.000 euro) and rural business start-up;*

(f) Risk management tools;

(g) Cooperation;

(h) Knowledge exchange and information.
- At least 5% of the total EAFRD contribution to the CAP Strategic Plan shall be reserved for LEADER.

- At least 30% of the total EAFRD contribution to the CAP Strategic Plan shall be reserved for interventions addressing the specific environmental- and climate-related objectives, excluding interventions based on Article 66 (Natural or other area-specific constraints).

- 40% of total CAP expenditure (EAGF + EAFRD) to be relevant for climate change (ANC included).
As regards payments for ANC, the designation of the 2014-2020 Rural Development policy should continue to apply.

“Mountain areas shall be characterized by a considerable limitation of the possibilities for using the land and by an appreciable increase in production costs due to:

(a) the existence, because of altitude, of very difficult climatic conditions, the effect of which is to substantially shorten the growing season;
(b) at a lower altitude, the presence over the greater part of the area in question of slopes too steep for the use of machinery or requiring the use of very expensive special equipment, or a combination of these two factors, where the constraints resulting from each taken separately are less acute but the combination of the two gives rise to an equivalent constraints.”
1. Administrative territorial units with average altitude higher than or equal to 600 m

2. Administrative territorial units with average altitude between 400-600 m and with an average slope higher than or equal to 15%

Total agricultural area: 2,089,399 ha
Total TAU: 658

Allocation: 527 mil. euro
Deficit: 105 mil. euro
Distinct allocations were provided for the mountain area for sub-measures:

- 4.2 Support for investment in the processing / marketing of agricultural products;
- 6.1 Support for the installation of young farmers;
- 6.3 Support for the development of small farms;
- 7.2 Investing in the creation and upgrading of small scale basic infrastructure;
- 7.6 Investments associated with the protection of cultural heritage.

Intensity of support has been increased by 20% for the mountain area for sub-measure:

- 4.1 Investments in agricultural holdings
## PROVISIONAL CALENDAR

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Event</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Spring of 2019</td>
<td>Possible agreement on the next MFF 2021-2027 by Heads of State and Government</td>
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<tr>
<td>Spring of 2019</td>
<td>Possible adoption of the next CAP 2021-2027 by co-legislators</td>
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<td>Mai 2019</td>
<td>Elections to the European Parliament</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Preparing for the implementation of the CAP</td>
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<tr>
<td>2021</td>
<td>Possible entry into force of Strategic Plans</td>
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Thank you