



# Learning and valuing urban trees through citizen science

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Steps Forward - New Approaches to ESD in the Carpathians and Beyond
Educational festival
Kosice, 12-14 November 2024





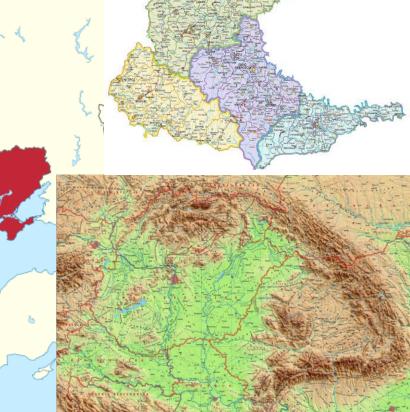




NGO FORZA: Who we are and where we work

● Non-governmental non-profit organization, founded in 2009 to preserve the legacy of the Swiss-Ukrainian Forest Development Project in Zakarpattya, FORZA (2004-2010).

of interventions: forests and communities of Carpathian mountains, otherwise the whole territory of Ukraine.



#### **PEOPLE**



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#### WHAT WE DO







- ◆ Local economic development
- ◆ Sustainable urban mobility
- Nature-based solutions

- Multifuctional forest management and close-tonature silviculture
- Climate change adaptation

- Forest pedagogics
- Lifelong learning for forestry practitioners
- Women in forestry





#### The sequence of appearance





- We learned about forest pedagogics at around 2012 from our colleagues from NLC, Zvolen, when working on "Foresters towards life long learning for better forest management" HU-SK-RO-UA project (2012-2014).
- In 2014 we started a joint NO-SK-UA project FORSOC: "Forests for the society forests without barriers" aimed at unfolding of cultural and social potential of forest resources, as well as at the increase of knowledge about forests and all their values and products and deepen the understanding of nature, especially among the youth, where a group of Ukrainian foresters and school teachers as well as extra-curriculum activities pedagogs were trained as Forest Guides.





### The sequence of appearance



- Since that time, we practice Forest pedagogics tools and approaches among Ukrainian children, looking for new ideas and tools to enrich the experience of connection to nature.
- Once we heard of iTree the tool to inventory and assess ecosystem values of both alone standing trees and green areas. We decided we want to try this tool in Ukraine and became a partner in "iTree4UA" project, funded by the USFS.
- One of our current HORIZON EUROPE projects
   RURACTIVE is aimed at social innovations, including
   tools for community participation, climate adaptation
   and mitigation, ecosystem services management.













#### Once we learned about iTree

Aim: to scientifically and number-based prove the high value of quality urban green for the comfort of the citizens and the way to combat the effects of climate change







### The challenge we faced in Uzhhorod



absence of a transparent and participatory system of urban green management



lack of cooperation among the municipality and civil society experts around urban green management



loss of trees → all the negative consequences



What are the benefits of trees?

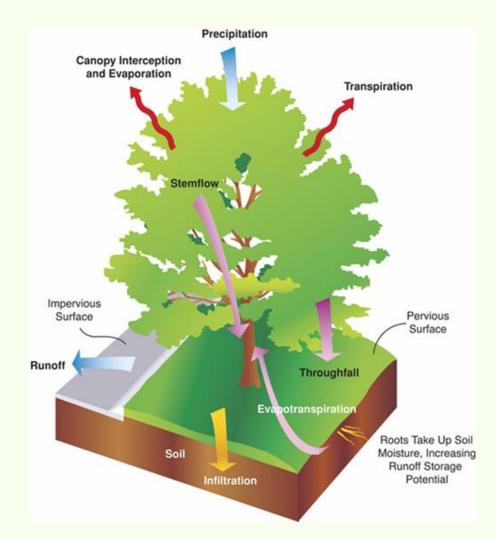
- Carbon sequestration
- Carbon storage
- Oxygen production
- Erosion Control
- Aesthetics
- Energy Conservation
- Storm Water Interception
- Pollution Control
- Quality of Life





## Tree Benefit: Stormwater reduction

- Intercepts and holds rain on leaves, branches, and other surfaces
- Reduces stormwater runoff
- Increases water storage in soil
- Reduces erosion

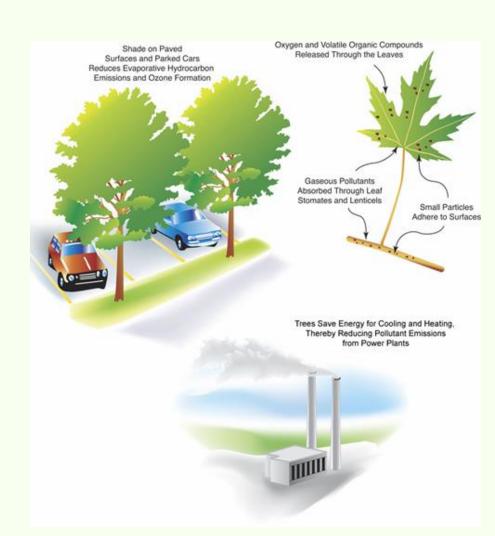




## Tree Benefit: Improve air quality

- Absorb pollutants through leaf surfaces
  - $O_3$  (ozone)
  - NO<sub>2</sub> (nitrogen dioxide)
  - SO<sub>2</sub> (sulfur dioxide)
- Intercept dust and/or particulate matter (PM10 and PM2.5)
- Reduction in energy production needs reduces creation of many pollutants
- Release oxygen





### Tree Benefit: Reduce Carbon Dioxide CO<sub>2</sub>

- Trees are largely made of carbon so they take carbon out of the air and turn it into tissue (bark, leaves, wood, etc.)
- Tree reduce home energy needs and help avoid carbon released from power plants in the first place (Secondary benefit or avoided)





## **Tree Benefit: Energy Effects**

- Trees shade buildings an built surfaces (summer)
- Act as a wind break reducing heat loss in (winter)

↑ Trees cool the air – (climate effect)

Reduce energy demand at power generation source (Secondary benefit or avoided negative impacts)

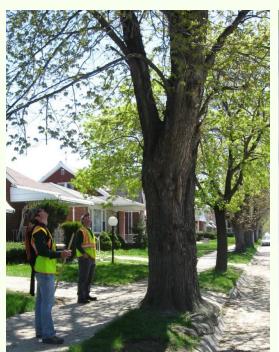


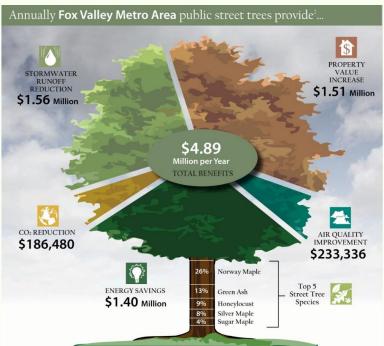
Wind Speed Reduction Reduces Air Infiltration

Transpiration by Trees



#### i-Tree: Demonstrating Tree Value







#### The Basic Science: data collection

Basic field data:

Tree specie

DBH

 Other recommended field data needed to estimate ecosystem services:

Crown dieback (%)

Total tree height

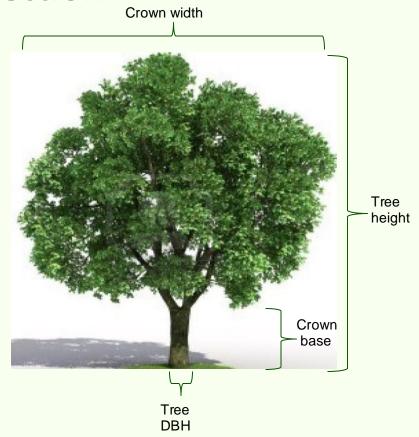
Crown top height

Crown base height

Crown width (N/S, E/W)

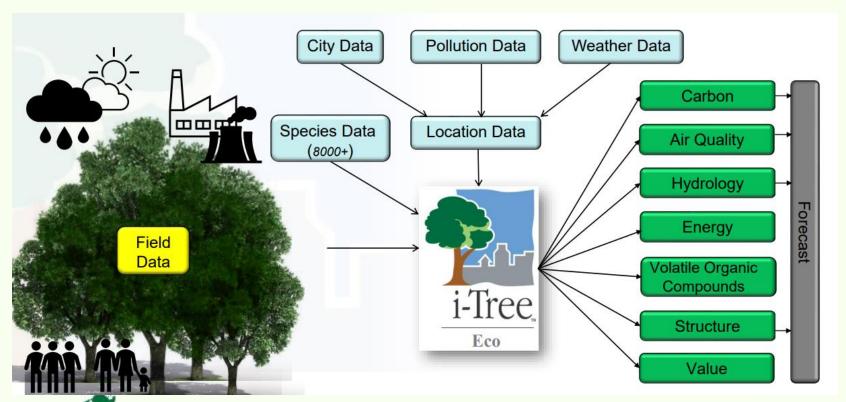
Crown missing (%)

Crown light exposure (1-5 sides)





#### i-Tree Eco Model Schematic







Citizen science (similar to community science, crowd science, crowd-sourced science, civic science, participatory monitoring, or volunteer monitoring) is research conducted with participation from the general public, or amateur/nonprofessional researchers or participants for science, social science and many other disciplines.

Citizen science is used in a wide range of areas of study including ecology, biology and conservation, health and medical research, astronomy, media and communications and information science. 

[ ]

Participation in citizen science projects also educates the public about different specific topics.

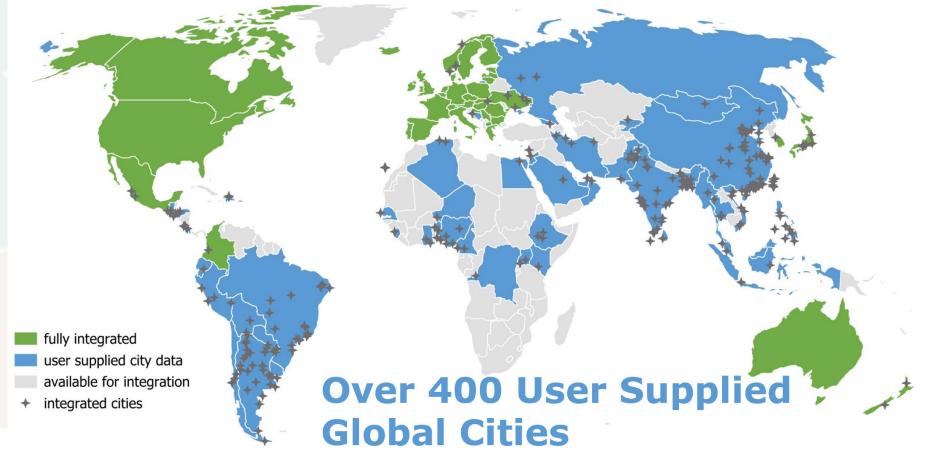






#### i-Tree Eco our flagship tool: Available in more places





Land

Use

Park

Photo ID

DBH 1:

1.3

9.1

1.3

11.0

10.7

16.0

10.3

13.8

17.8

14.0

1.3

1.5

16.4

13.8

15.6

19.4

18.8

32.6

11.7

13.4

22.1

10.7

23.1

14.0

22.6

19.4

23.8

15.7

21.9

28.2

20.7

26.3

16.6

29.5

Height (ft)

4.26

4.26

4.26

4.26

4.26

4.26

4,26

4.26

4.26

4.26

4.26

4.26

4.26

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4.26

4.26

4.26

4.26

4.26

4.26

4.26

4.26

4.00

DBH 1 (in)

DBH 1:

Measured?

1

J

J

J

7

J

V

J

J

J

J

J

J

V

J

V

J

J

J

J

J

V

V

V

V

J

J

J

J

J

J

J

J

J

DBH 2:

Height (ft)

DBH 2 (in)

DBH 2:

Measured?

1

V

V

1

V

V

1

V

V

V

V

V

V

V

V

V

1

V

1

V

V

1

V

V

1

V

V

V

V

V

V

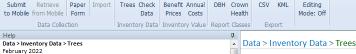
V

J

DBH 3

Height

DBH 3 (in)



Reports

CSV KML

Crew

Survey Date

ARR Zakarpattva 08.07.2022 0:00:00 Planted

ARR Zakamattva 08.07.2022 0:00:00 Planted

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08.07.2022 0:00:00

Status

Planted

Species

Norway maple (Acer platanoides)

Norway maple (Acer platanoides)

Horse chestnut (Aesculus hippocastanum)

Horse chestnut (Aesculus hippocastanum)

Horse chestnut (Aesculus hippocastanum)

Horse chestnut (Aesculus hippocastanum)

Royal paulownia (Paulownia tomentosa)

Horse chestnut (Aesculus hippocastanum)

Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)

Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)

Norway maple (Acer platanoides)

Chinese catalpa (Catalpa ovata)

Chinese catalpa (Catalpa ovata)

Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)

Horse chestnut (Aesculus hippocastanum)

D 1 1 1 1 10 1 1 1 1 1

Chinese catalpa (Catalpa ovata)

English oak (Quercus robur)

Littleleaf linden (Tilia cordata)

Norway maple (Acer platanoides)

Ash-leaved maple (Acer negundo ssp. negundo) Park

Littleleaf linden (Tilia cordata)

Littleleaf linden (Tilia cordata)

Scots pine (Pinus sylvestris)

ID

9

15

16

21

24

25

26

27

28

29

31

32

33

34

35

Team 2

Team 3

Data

#### The Eco species list has been updated to remove synonyms and cultivars

If there are species in this project that are no longer on the Eco species list there will be exclamation symbols indicating those cells. To correct the unmatched species, click on the Check Data button at the top of the window.

For more information concerning this change go here: https://forums.itreetools.org/viewtopic.php?f=19&t=6486

Project Configuration

The Trees table seen in the action panel to the right displays the tree data that you

collected in the field (see Notes below). This is where you will enter your tree data manually or edit your previously added or imported data. While working in this table, you may use the tools in the Actions group to help manually enter new data or edit data that has already been added. Steps to Manually Add/Edit Data:

#### Click in the box where you would like to enter data and begin typing. Use the Tab key on your keyboard or the left and right arrows to move from

- side to side within a record.
- Use the up and down arrows on the keyboard to move from top to bottom
- 4. For boxes that contain drop-down lists, you can choose your data from the
- list or begin typing and the matching label will be automatically filled in.
- 5. For boxes where dates are entered, a calendar pop-up will appear if you click on the calendar icon in the right-hand side of the cell. Select the date from the
- calendar. Click the header at the top of the pop-up to see other available months. Click the header again to see additional available years. Steps for Using Actions Tools:

#### in the ribbon

- 1. When you click on the Trees function, the Actions group will become available Use the New tool to create a new record in the tree table.
- 3. Use the Delete tool to remove the selected record(s) from the table.

- Notes:
- Taxonomic classes (i.e., Magnoliopsida, Pinopsida, Ginkgoopsida, Liliopsida, Filicopsida, Cycadopsida) should be used sparingly when identifying the
- classifications. However, species data is important to the calculation of ecosystem services - more specific species identification provides better If you have imported your data from the mobile data collector using the

species of live trees. These classes can be used to represent the more generic

- Retrieve from Mobile function of the Data tab, you will see all of the imported field data for your project here.
- If you opened a project or are working with data that was previously entered, you will see all of the field data for your project here.
- Some data fields are defined on the Project Configuration tab. If you do not see
- the options you want from the drop-down list for a certain data field, you will that data field
- need to go back to the Project Configuration tab to edit the list of options for Use the CSV function in the ribbon to export the tree data here to a "comma

Microsoft Excel and text editors such as WordPad and Notepad.

separated values" (csv) file. Data exported as a csv file are compatible with If you recorded the GPS coordinates (latitude and longitude) of each tree during field data collection, you will be able to make use of Eco's KML О Аукціон з продовже...







08 07.2022 0:00:00 | Planted







#### 🕎 report\_main\_друк.do... 🕎 Field survey form 1-1... 🕎 list of participants\_a... 👰 iTree public presenta...



### iTree Eco practical usage



#### **Process**



Participatory tree measuring and assessment (inventory) with volunteers: school children and teachers, youth, internal migrants:

A. Rotary (2 steps, up to 3 hours each), 189 trees, 1,7 ha

B. School No.6 in Uzhhorod, 30 trees (2 hours)

C. Beginning of London plane alley, 5 trees (1 hour)



Easy measurement of tree parameters as per instructions, provided by iTree developers



iTree Eco software calculates the value of the trees (inc. monetary) based on calculations of each ecosystem service



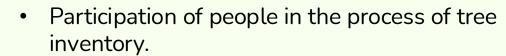


#### iTree Eco practical usage



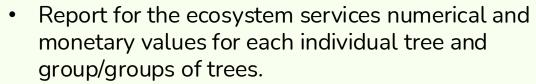
#### Results



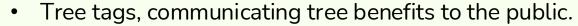


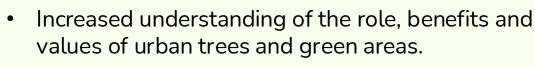


Communication of tree benefits to local inhabitants.





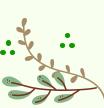










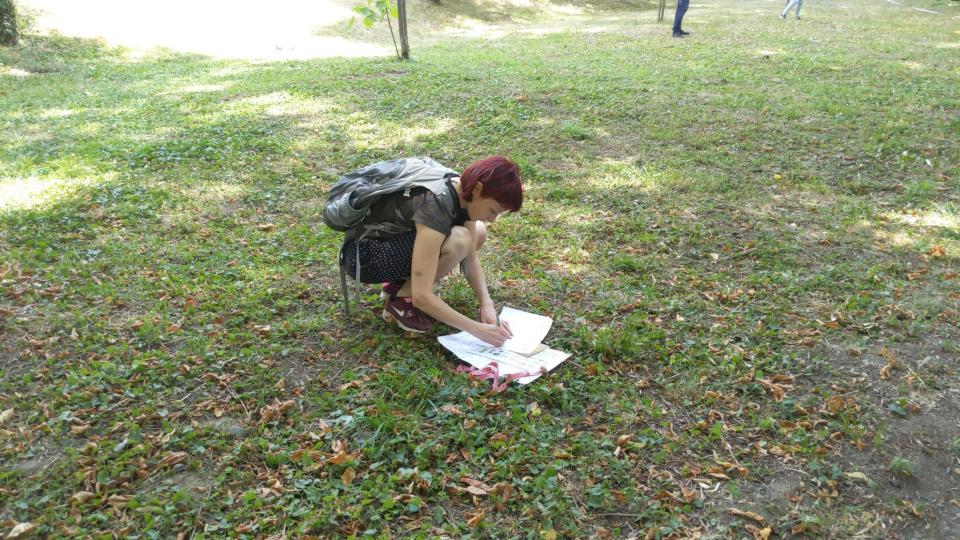








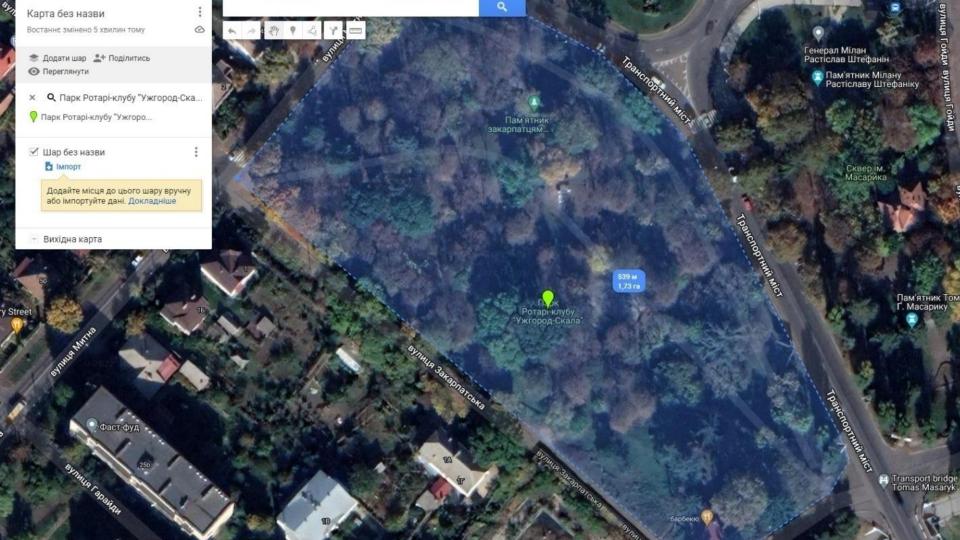














## Numerous opportunities for the community and environment...

